

Analysis of Path for Intelligent Service of University Libraries

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Abstract: With the rapid development of information technology, university libraries are facing unprecedented opportunities and challenges. The introduction of intelligent services provides new development directions for libraries, which can better meet the diverse needs of readers and improve service quality and management efficiency. University library is an important place for knowledge dissemination and academic support, and how to achieve optimal resource allocation and innovative services in the context of intelligent services is currently an important research topic. This study aims to provide scientific guidance and reference for the intelligent services of university libraries by analyzing strategies such as library resource construction, innovative service methods, intelligent training, and data alliance establishment.

Keywords: Universities; Library; Intelligent Services

1. Introduction

In the wave of intelligent services, university libraries have significantly improved service quality and user experience by strengthening collection resource construction, innovating service methods, enhancing intelligent training, and establishing data alliances. This study delves into the implementation paths and specific measures of various strategies to build a more efficient and intelligent library service system. By enriching the collection resources to meet diverse needs, integrating online and offline innovative service methods, strengthening intelligent training to enhance the capabilities of management personnel, and establishing data alliances to achieve resource sharing and information exchange, the service level of university libraries is comprehensively improved. Research has shown that these strategies can

not only improve the efficiency of library resource utilization, but also enhance reader's satisfaction and participation.

2. To Strengthen the Construction of Library Resources to Meet Diverse Needs

The richness and diversity of library resources directly affect the quality of library services and reader's satisfaction. To meet diverse needs, it is necessary to increase investment in electronic resources. With the development of information technology, electronic resources are occupying an increasingly important position in university libraries. Efforts should be made to increase the purchase and subscription of e-books, electronic journals, and academic databases. By collaborating with well-known database providers, we can obtain the latest academic resources and ensure that teachers and students can access authoritative research materials anytime and anywhere. In addition, the library can also independently build its own academic achievement library, digitally store and open access the school's research papers, theses, and other academic achievements, providing rich local resources for teachers and students.

Secondly, attention should be paid to the update and maintain paper resources. Despite the increasing popularity of electronic resources, paper books remain an important component of university libraries. We should regularly evaluate the utilization of the collection of books, eliminate outdated and low utilization books, and supplement new and high demand books. Especially in professional fields, keeping up-to-date with the latest textbooks and reference books is key to supporting teaching and research. By introducing an intelligent management system, the management efficiency of library resources can be improved and readers can quickly find the books they need.

The diversification of library resources is the key to meeting the diverse needs of readers. University libraries should not only meet the professional needs of different

disciplines, but also consider the diverse interests of readers. Increasing the collection of leisure, science popularization, and lifestyle books can enrich readers' reading experience. In addition, libraries should pay attention to the needs of diverse cultural backgrounds, increase foreign books and journals, and support international education and cross-cultural research. Strengthening the construction of library resources is an important aspect of intelligent services in university libraries. By increasing investment in electronic resources, optimizing paper resource management, enriching the variety of library resources, and valuing reader feedback, libraries can better meet diverse needs, improve service quality and reader satisfaction, and provide strong support for teaching and research in schools.

3. To Innovate Library Service Methods to Integrate Online and Offline Services

In the era of intelligence, university libraries need to constantly innovate their service methods and organically integrate online and offline services to improve service quality and user experience. The integration of online and offline services can not only better meet the needs of readers, but also improve the utilization efficiency and service coverage of library resources. First of all, the expansion and optimization of online services are crucial. University libraries should establish a comprehensive digital library platform to provide rich online resources and services. And readers can access e-books, academic journals, databases, and other resources through this platform for online borrowing and reading. In addition, libraries can provide online consultation services to answer readers' various questions and help them efficiently utilize library resources. For example, they can provide real-time assistance and guidance to readers through instant messaging tools or online customer service systems to solve any problems they encounter while using resources. Online learning and training are also important service contents. Libraries can organize online lectures, courses, and training to enhance readers' information literacy and academic abilities.

The integration of online and offline services requires integrated service management and

coordination. Libraries should establish a unified service platform that integrates online and offline services to provide a seamless user experience. For example, readers can book physical books through online platforms and collect and return them through self-service borrowing and returning devices offline. Libraries can also use data analysis to understand readers' online and offline behavior, and provide personalized service recommendations and resource push notifications. Through data analysis, libraries can accurately understand readers' interests and needs, and provide more targeted services.

4. To Strengthen Intelligent Training to Enhance the Capabilities of Library Management Personnel

Smart services not only rely on advanced technology and equipment, but also require management personnel with high professional competence and technical capabilities to operate and maintain. Therefore, strengthening intelligent training is an important way to enhance the abilities of library management personnel. Library management personnel require systematic professional training. The intelligent library covers a large amount of information technology and digital resource management content, and management personnel must master relevant professional knowledge and skills. For example, learning how to use library management systems, electronic resource management platforms, and data analysis tools, and understanding the basic principles and methods of information retrieval and data processing. And it is also necessary to master professional knowledge such as the management and maintenance of e-books and journals and copyright protection of digital resources in order to cope with the challenges of daily work.

Libraries should conduct regular technical training. With the continuous development of intelligent services and fast technological updates, management personnel need to continuously learn new technologies and methods. The library can regularly organize technical training courses, seminars, and exchange meetings, inviting experts to explain the latest technological developments and application cases. For example, learning about the application of RFID technology in library management, learning about the role of big data

analysis in resource optimization, and learning about the potential of artificial intelligence technology in service innovation can enhance the technical level and application ability of management personnel through practical operations and case analysis.

Improving service awareness and communication skills is also an important part of the training. Library management personnel not only need to possess professional skills, but also need good service awareness and communication skills to better serve readers. The training should include effective communication with readers, understanding their needs and feedback, and providing personalized services; how to respond to readers' questions and concerns, provide professional consultation and assistance; how to organize and manage online and offline activities to enhance reader engagement and satisfaction. For example, by simulating scenario exercises, the adaptability and service level of management personnel can be improved. Libraries should encourage management personnel to engage in self-learning and career development, and provide learning resources and platforms, support management personnel to participate in professional courses and obtain relevant certificates, and enhance their professional competence and competitiveness. For example, a library can provide an online learning platform that covers courses in various aspects such as book management, information technology, and user services, for management personnel to learn independently. At the same time, the library can establish a reward mechanism to motivate management personnel to continuously innovate and improve in their work, and contribute to the development of intelligent services.

5. To Establish a Library Data Alliance to Improve Service Levels

The data alliance can better utilize various data resources, provide high-quality library services, and meet the diverse needs of readers through resource sharing, information exchange, and collaborative cooperation. Data alliances can achieve resource sharing and improve service coverage. University libraries can collaborate with other universities, research institutions, and public libraries by establishing data alliances to share their collection resources and

databases. In this way, readers can access resources from multiple libraries through a platform, greatly enriching the variety and quantity of available resources. For example, readers of a university library can borrow e-books and journals from other universities and access more academic databases, improving resource utilization and reader satisfaction.

Data alliances can promote information exchange and improve service efficiency. By establishing a unified information platform, members of libraries can share data and information to achieve rapid circulation and utilization of resources. For example, libraries can share information on borrowing and returning books, so that readers can borrow books from one library and return them in another, greatly facilitating their use. And libraries can share readers' needs and feedback information, understand their usage habits and needs, and optimize service content and methods. For example, by sharing readers' borrowing records and preference data, personalized service recommendations can be achieved to improve readers' satisfaction.

Data alliances can promote collaborative cooperation and enhance innovation capabilities. Through the data alliance, members of libraries can collaborate on scientific research, project development, and activity organization, enhancing the innovation and diversity of services. For example, intelligent library management systems, data analysis tools, and service applications can be jointly developed to improve the management and service level of libraries. In addition, libraries can also jointly organize book clubs, lectures, and training to expand the influence of activities and attract more readers to participate in. The construction of data alliances also needs to pay attention to readers' participation and feedback. Libraries can understand readers' needs and suggestions for data sharing and service innovation through research and symposiums, and adjust and optimize the operation and services of the alliance in a timely manner. For example, a reader committee can be established to involve reader representatives in the construction and management of the data alliance to enhance readers' sense of participation and belonging.

In summary, establishing a library data alliance is an important strategy for improving the service level of university libraries. Through

resource sharing, information exchange, and collaborative cooperation, libraries can better utilize various data resources, provide high-quality library services, and meet the diverse needs of readers. The construction of a data alliance requires technical support and institutional guarantees, and should emphasize readers' participation and feedback, so as to achieve intelligent and innovative development of library services.

6. Conclusion

In summary, the promotion of intelligent services in university libraries is an important guarantee for improving the quality of education and research level. By strengthening the construction of library resources, the library can meet the diverse needs of teachers and students, and provide richer learning and research resources. The integration and innovation of online and offline services bring readers a convenient and efficient user experience, which helps to improve the utilization rate and reader satisfaction of the library. The implementation of intelligent training has comprehensively improved the professional competence and technical ability of library management personnel, ensuring the effective implementation and continuous optimization of intelligent services.

The establishment of a data alliance has achieved resource sharing and information exchange, expanded service coverage, and

enhanced the collaborative innovation capability of libraries. University libraries should continue to explore innovative paths for intelligent services, keep up with the pace of technological development, and continuously optimize service systems, so as to provide stronger support for teaching and research in universities.

References

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